

# FIGHT ENDED BY FLETCHER AT TAMPOCO

Gunboat Wheeling Cleared for Action, Ready to Shell City Unless Rebel and Federal Forces Cease Firing—Order Is Obeyed, But Renewal of Hostilities Is Looked For.

CITY OF MEXICO, December 13.—(By Associated Press Cable)—With the guns of the American gunboat Wheeling, Commander Sumner E. Kittelle, trained on the city, Rear Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, in command of the naval forces in Mexican waters, yesterday afternoon issued orders to both the federal and rebel commanders to cease hostilities or orders would be given to shell Tampico. The lives of hundreds of foreigners were endangered by the terrific firing that was in progress for three days in and around the city.

The orders of Admiral Fletcher were conveyed through the lines to the rebel forces and were at once obeyed. Soon afterward the Federals also stopped firing, but throughout the night both forces rested on their arms to guard against surprise.

The prompt action of Rear Admiral Fletcher was taken in response to the appeals sent to the Wheeling by foreigners whose families were imperiled. Today the place is in a state of nervous tension and excitement and the battle may be renewed at any time, according to reports received here. In the meantime, the Wheeling anchored close to the shore, and is cleared for action.

The transport Su ther, it is believed was ordered from Galveston yesterday to proceed direct to Tampico with medical supplies and rations and to take on refugees awaiting an opportunity to get out of the danger zone.

The force of guards about the National Palace was doubled today in response to reports that a Constitutional force of two thousand men was within fifty miles of the City of Mexico awaiting reinforcements to begin a march on the capital.

Practical Progress Believed to Have Been Made in Solution of Home Rule Problem.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) LONDON, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Times gives prominence this morning to a statement which it says is from the highest authority that practical effect was given within the past two days to the project of a private interchange of views on the Irish crisis between leaders of the various parties concerned as laid down by Premier Asquith in his speech at Ladybank.

"It would be rash in the highest degree," it says, "to assume that the meetings which have taken place this week are certain or even at present likely to lead to a settlement. The first effect of a candid exchange of views has been to reveal something of the obstacles to any conceivable solution."

SUCCESSFUL SON MAKES AGED MOTHER HAPPY

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) CLEVELAND, Ohio, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—"Son, I am proud of you. I knew you had it in you." This was the benediction pronounced on Alfred H. Smith of New York, newly elected president of the New York Central lines by his eighty-five-year-old mother, Mrs. Charlotte Smith, when the son paid her a surprise visit at her home here today.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—A bomb delivered to the O. K. Bottling Company exploded in the firm's offices here today and instantly killed Miss Ida Anusowitz, aged twenty years, a stenographer.

The girl's face was blown to bits and her body badly mangled.

The bomb, which arrived in the morning mail in an innocent looking package, was unwrapped by the girl and when she pulled the lid there was a terrific explosion that shook the building. Employees, after recovering from the shock, rushed into the office and found Miss Anusowitz lying in a pool of blood on the floor mangled beyond recognition and breathing her last. She was dead before physicians arrived.

The wrapping on the bomb was almost entirely destroyed, leaving practically no clue by which the sender may be traced.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) SAN FRANCISCO, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Japanese will ultimately compel the Mikado to change the present policy and join with other nations in the plan for a general disarmament, according to reports from Shinto, Japanese member of parliament, who sailed for the Orient on the steamer Nippon Maru yesterday. Hostilities must cease, he said. Japan is the leading force in the world's peace movement.

## WIDOW OF MILLIONAIRE WHO DIED ON TITANIC



## MRS. MADELINE FORCE ASTOR SEEKS TO SAVE INCOME TAX ON FORTUNE

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Mrs. Madeline Force Astor, widow of John Jacob Astor, today directed her attorneys to try to save her estate tax of \$34,342 on \$1,041,119 of property. She contends the property came to her under the ante-nuptial agreement and is therefore exempt from inheritance tax.

## NOVELIST BECOMES A PRIVATE IN MILITIA

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) BRISTOL, Virginia, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—John Fox Jr., the author, today enlisted as a private in a new state militia company being organized at Big Stone Gap, Virginia. The novelist is taking great personal interest in the organization and says he wants to be a private and try to make a good soldier.

## LOS ANGELES FUTURITY STAKES ARE CALLED OFF

The two Los Angeles futurity stakes for foals of 1912 and 1913, which total \$20,000, the largest amount of any such west of the Rockies, have been declared off.

The announcement was made by E. J. Delaney, secretary of the Los Angeles Harness Horse Association, after a conference with W. A. Clark Jr., one of the principal guarantors of the big purses.

The action comes as a blow to the breeders of foals on the Coast, as these two futurities had been expected to bring to light some of the best two and three-year-old horses in America.

## Albert Reinicke Meets Reversal in Circuit Court and Has Suit Dismissed.

(From Saturday Advertiser.) Judge Whitney yesterday morning set aside the decree of divorce which he had granted to Albert Reinicke from his wife, Mrs. Annie Anderson Reinicke, on November 25 last. Under the order of court, Mrs. Reinicke was given until December 20 in which to answer the complaint or otherwise plead, but Reinicke shortly afterward made this procedure unnecessary as he filed a discontinuance of the case, which was recorded in the divorce department of the office of the chief clerk of the first circuit court soon after noon.

While Attorney J. Alfred Magoon represented Reinicke in opposition to the granting of the motion to set aside the decree, Reinicke got along without him yesterday in discontinuing his action against Mrs. Reinicke, the discontinuance reading as follows:

"Now comes the libellant in the above entitled cause a person and hereby discontinues his libel for divorce."

Without much ado, and in view of this showing by the libellant, Judge Whitney granted the discontinuance. The hearing and argument on the motion, which resulted in setting aside the divorce earlier secured by Reinicke, was bitterly contested by the parties to the suit, Reinicke being represented by J. Alfred Magoon and Mrs. Reinicke by Attorney Lorrin Andrews. Mrs. Reinicke's charge was virtually that her husband had secured his divorce through trickery.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) SAN FRANCISCO, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—C. Willie Ritchie will be ready to defend his lightweight championship title in this city against Harlem's Tommy Murphy on Washington's Fidelity. This announcement was made by his manager, Harry Fox, today.

## ADMIRAL CRADOCK WAVES RIGHTS

British Ranking Officer Volunteers to Cooperate with American Naval Forces.

The latest advices from Vera Cruz are to the effect that Rear Admiral Fletcher, in command of the American battleship fleet in Atlantic Mexican waters, and who represent the might of the American government from Tampico to Vera Cruz, is regarded for joint purposes of the international fleet as senior officer, the actual senior, Rear Admiral Sir Christopher Cradock, of the British cruiser squadron, having waived his right in view of the greater importance of the American interests at stake.

The action of Admiral Cradock, in advising the American naval commander, his junior, that he wishes to subordinate himself in cooperating with the United States naval forces, is believed to be without precedent in international naval annals. This fresh evidence of friendly feeling and hearty cooperation between the two countries has been received with manifest gratification by the American government.

Immediately upon his arrival at Vera Cruz, the British commander was advised of the extent of the plans adopted by the American commander to safeguard British as well as American interests near the British fields at Tampico and Tuxtepec and the action of the British admiral in not sending ships to these ports is taken as evidence that he was entirely satisfied with the adequacy of the American commander's plans. Rear Admiral Cradock's willingness to subordinate his force to American command undoubtedly has the approval of the British foreign office and the admiralty and it is expected that other nations who are represented at Vera Cruz by naval vessels will take similar action.

Dilemma Predicted. This situation which promised to give the American government considerable embarrassment was prophesied by Secretary of the Navy Meyer, when he urged congress during the last regular session to reorganize the grades of admiral and vice admiral in the United States service. He reminded congress in this recommendation that the size of our fleet and the strong probability of joint action with foreign fleets rendered it absolutely necessary that our naval commanders should have sufficient rank to assume the chief command in affairs where American interests were paramount. The proposed assembling of foreign fleets for the celebration of the Panama Canal Exposition was pointed to as an illustration, as it was considered unlikely that the foreign fleets would be commanded by an officer so low in rank as a rear admiral when, by custom, foreign nations gave the command of such fleets to officers of the higher grades. The importance of creating the rank at once was emphasized in order that the commission of the commanding admiral or vice admiral of our fleet might antedate those of the visiting commanders. It will be remembered that congress rejected the proposal on the ground of increased expense and substituted a bill which proposed to create the grade of vice admiral for the commander of the Atlantic and Pacific fleets to be held by the commanders of these fleets only during their tenure of office and upon relief from their sea commands that these officers would resume their rank as rear admirals. This halfway measure was met with the unqualified opposition of the navy department and neither bill was reported from committee.

Secretary Daniels is to renew these recommendations in his annual report to the present congress and the recent situation in Mexico will undoubtedly serve to influence congress to enact the desired legislation.

The Foreign Plan. Foreign admirals and vice admirals bear permanent commissions in their respective grades, whether afloat or ashore. The result is that when they are assigned to sea duty they enjoy in the exercise of their public authority those universally acknowledged and substantial advantages that inhere in commissions of long standing, and their countries reap the benefit that naturally comes from the dominating influence wielded by representatives whose seniority in rank makes it possible.

It would be difficult to imagine a case where an American admiral or vice admiral bearing a temporary and cruise-limit commission, would be senior to and, therefore, in command of a foreign officer of like grade standing. It is safe to say that no foreign nation would be so blind to their interests as to order to duty in joint operations an admiral or vice admiral junior to the American commander. This would be hardly possible, at any rate, since their supreme flag officers would, in the ordinary course of events, not be of recent creation, but even if such was the case in a few instances of new entries to the grades, certain it is that only officers of senior commissions would be picked for duty, whereas, under any scheme of temporary commissions no American officer of long grade standing would be available, or, for that matter, so well known, even in existence.

American commanders would continue to do what they are now doing, viz., "bringing up the rear," and this is more than one sense of the phrase. The only national advantage that would accrue would be the sentimental one that attaches to the dignity of higher rank and title. The practical advantage to a nation of that higher rank and title would be lost. This measure should not escape most careful attention.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) LONDON, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Recent Garden News has been with Oriental jewels after midnight tonight of the Arabian Nights. Full arranged by the representatives of foreign press associations. It is thought that the jewels were complete and the jewels were in disagreement of the night of his little face he said "good night," and was soon with the sand man. His injuries are not considered critical.

THE CHILDREN'S COLDS. Watch the children's colds and cures them before they weaken the vitality. Use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy freely. It is perfectly safe. It has been tested by chemists and pronounced free from injurious substances and contains no opium. For sale by all druggists. Box 100, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

## CIVIL SERVICE BILLS LAYED ON TABLE

Stenographers' Demands Aggregating \$155.50 for Kellett Investigation Are Given a Frigid Reception by Board of Supervisors—Opposition Also to Paying for Sergeant's Enforced Vacation.

It was with a stony, frigid gaze that the board of supervisors yesterday noon turned on a bill, voted by the civil service commission granting three hundred and thirty-five dollars for services performed at the Kellett-Kellett hearing. Not a member seemed to take any notice of the bill whatsoever. They were not even placed on file.

In short, the board decided to ignore the bill altogether. It represents, so far as bills have been presented, the entire financial cost to the city of the Kellett hearing, plus the reappearance on the police payroll of Sergeant Kellett himself. But the supervisors yesterday night agreed to ignore the results of the hearing so far as the bills were concerned and let the rest of the unsavoury affair take care of itself.

The clerk of the civil service commission, said that the board of supervisors yesterday, "I approved the bill and as clerk of the supervisors, watched them put on ice. Nothing, it appears, will be done until the supervisors get the money, when of course, they will represent themselves before their employing agents, the commission, to collect. The commission, as I take it, will then commence."

Much speculation is now heard about the city hall as to whether Kellett will get his full pay during the period of his enforced retirement as ordered by the civil service commission. A well-grounded report yesterday was to the effect that the process of trimming Kellett's little bonus for getting himself suspended had already been trimmed and that his pay warrant had been made out for the time he was suspended but not for the time that he was discharged.

As the supervisors have a constitutional dislike to giving any employees pay for prolonged vacations, there will be more complications, probably, after the police committee acts on those pay warrants.

## Ten-Year-Old Revolutionist Is Calling in Fever for News from Front.

EL PASO, November 27.—Flushed with fever and suffering from a wound inflicted by a bursting shell, little Pedro Huerta, age ten, the "pride of the Villistas," lying on a white cot at the Mexico hotel, in Juarez, anxiously inquiring for news from the front.

While holding the charger of the rebel general yesterday morning, during the thickest of the fight, the little tot was stricken by a shell that killed Villa's horse. He was carried to the hospital train and hurried to Juarez for treatment, with other wounded. Since he was a lad of eight, Pedro Huerta has been with General Villa. The rebel leader became attached to the youth when he first approached the general, and since that time he has been the mascot of the Constitutional forces in Chihuahua. Nearly every fighting man knows him and his cheery disposition won the hearts of those who became acquainted with the "child of the army."

Rode Into Juarez. When Villa was at Santa Rosalia, the boy was with him and he was given a gun and belt of cartridges by the rebel soldiers. He rode with the army on the march on Juarez, and was among the first to enter the over-the-river city.

Lying at the side of his general, Huerta left with Villa, for the front when the advance of the Federal soldiers was discovered. General Villa was in the thickest of the fray during the morning engagement and rode along the line to give instructions to his officers. Whenever the rebel leader went his little side was with him.

When the machine guns were singing tunes, the rattle of the muskets were deafening, and the shrieking of the bombs added to the din. General Villa dismounted to walk to a point of vantage to see the progress of the fight. He handed the bridle to the little mascot and in a short time one of the shells burst nearby, killing Villa's horse and seriously injuring little Huerta.

Aid Comes From Trenches. Rebels lying in the trenches and stretched out on the ground saw the horse rear and fall, and their favorite stagger to the ground with blood flowing from a wound on the shoulder. They ran to his side and carried him to the rear lines where his wound was bandaged, and he was later placed aboard a hospital train which was dispatched to Juarez.

Without complaining of the pain, Huerta remained propped up on his cot during the evening to inquire about the battle, and not until he was informed that his chief had died that the victors of the rebels were complete and the Federals were in disgraceful retreat did he close his eyes. Then, with a satisfied smile on his little face he said "good night," and was soon with the sand man. His injuries are not considered critical.

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## GARRISON URGES NEED OF ARMY

Secretary of War Gives Strong Reasons for Maintaining Strong Armed Force on Isthmus of Panama.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Secretary of War Garrison told the house committee on military affairs today that the total authorized strength of the Army was \$5,000,000 against a total population of 100,000,000 people under the American flag and that he could not see how the government could get along with less than that number in time of peace.

He was defending the estimates for Army appropriations for the coming fiscal year. Asked, why there was a necessity for such a large force on the Isthmus of Panama, the secretary said that if any foreign nation should land a force in the vicinity of the Canal it could destroy with explosives \$275,000,000 worth of United States property and a valuable military asset.

He pointed out that nowadays nations are not giving notice of beginning of operations against another nation and cited the case of Japan which he said gave no notice to Russia.

## FRENCH AVIATOR LOOPS LOOP WITH PASSENGER

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) PARIS, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Adolph Pegoud, the French aviator demonstrated this afternoon that looping the loop in an aeroplane carrying a passenger as well as the pilot was not more difficult than the accomplishment of the feat when the pilot was alone. The aviator modelled on three separate occasions with journalists and each time made a number of successful loops.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Harold Van Buren Magongile, the architect who designed the Marine, McKinley and Robert Fulton monuments, is being sued for divorce. Mystery in the case arose out of the fact that Magongile is happily married to Mrs. Edith Maroon Day Magongile and lives at 829 Park avenue where Mrs. Magongile today said she is the only lawful Mrs. Harold Magongile and that she has not used her husband for divorce and does not intend to. She continued: "The woman who calls herself Mrs. Rebecca Harrison Magongile was divorced from my husband fifteen years ago. I shall report the matter to the district attorney and put an end to this suit."

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Dr. Harvey Wiley, former chief of the United States bureau of chemistry, today attacked the department of agriculture for alleged harboring of violators of the pure food law, and charged that the law was being successfully evaded through the influence of a public lobby maintained at Washington.

## General Li Finally Takes the Oath as Vice-President

Leader of the First Revolution and First Provisional President Relieves Embarrassing Situation by Going to the Capital.

TOKIO, December 12.—(Special cable to the Nippon Jiji)—According to today's official reports from Peking, General Li Yuan Hung, who was elected some months ago to the Vice Presidency of the Chinese Republic, was today formally installed in office, thus relieving a situation which was beginning to become most embarrassing.

The representatives of the Powers, including Doctor Reisch, the American minister, were present at the inauguration.

General Li, although formally selected on October 10 for the second highest office in the government, has contented himself with an indifference to the office that has led to much questioning. He had remained at Wuchang, the city in which he was chosen the first Provisional President of the Republic when he entered it with his army after the first important victory of the revolutionists over the Manchus, and had repeatedly made excuses in reply to the invitations that he go to Peking and take the oath. He persisted in remaining at the head of the Wuchang garrison.

President Yuan Shih-kai grew urgent in his messages to his vice president and finally peremptory, so much so that General Li made the journey to Peking. His arrival at the Chinese capital was greeted with a great demonstration and enthusiasm on the part of the Pekinese and the army.

Vice President Li has been succeeded in the command of the troops at Wuchang by General Tian Ki Thai, formerly minister of war and one of Yuan Shih-kai's most trusted lieutenants. He started for his new post today, immediately after the inauguration of Vice President Li.

Would Raise Cocoanuts On Hawaii Bay City Man May Start Plantation

It is possible that cocoanut growing may become one of the leading industries of Hawaii if the plans of J. L. Dwyer of San Francisco are carried out. Dwyer is a cocoanut man who believes there is a great future for that business and he wants to make his beginning on the big island, according to the plans he confided to A. P. Taylor in charge of the promotion committee headquarters at the Bay City last week. Dwyer expressed himself as anxious to secure as much public land as possible in the vicinity of Hilo or any other portion of Hawaii and according to Taylor, seemed well versed on the land laws and other conditions in the Territory. His plan is to plant an immense area to cocoanuts, to plant as much copra and

## DRYDOCK PROJECT IN NO DANGER

News from Washington Indicates Government Has Not Altered Plans for Pearl Harbor.

News from Washington indicates that Honolulu need have no fear that the drydock project at Pearl Harbor is to be abandoned because of the fact that the government is encouraging the building of a drydock by private parties on San Francisco Bay.

Walter F. Dillingham, who is now in Washington, yesterday communicated with the chamber of commerce in reply to a message sent him the previous day.

Conditions generally favorable for Pearl Harbor. Advice against local action," reads the message, indicating that Mr. Dillingham has been in touch with the government and that the completion of the drydock at Pearl Harbor will be built.

Added to this confirmation is the special message to The Advertiser received by the Federal Wireless Telegraph last night. It follows: WASHINGTON, December 12.—At a conference today with Congressmen Knowland and Cully, Secretary of the Navy Daniels said that with the impending opening of the Panama Canal and the department's determination to keep a large portion of the Navy constantly on the Pacific side, it would be necessary to provide a temporary drydock at San Francisco. During the exposition it would be imperative to have docking facilities in the bay, and with this end in view the department has been negotiating with the Union Iron Works for a proposition to guarantee \$200,000 dockage a year from the Navy if the company would construct a suitable drydock.

The plans for the dock contemplate an outlay of \$2,500,000 by the Union Iron Works.

## DUCHESSE DUZES PLEADS FOR RIGHTS FOR WOMEN

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) PARIS, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—"Women, whether French, American or Chinese, bear the image of God and deserve equal rights with men," said the Duchesse Duzes tonight in a speech before an audience packed with American and French society leaders at the Lyceum Building.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) KIEV, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Jewish community has been stirred to its depths by news of a dastardly murder committed in the suburban district where Mendel Belbas lives. The motive was undoubtedly revenge by an anti-semitic who persisted in believing that the murder of the Yashinsky boy was the work of Jews.

The victim was a Jewish boy twelve years old, named Pashkov, and fifty-three wounds were made on the body corresponding with those on the body of the Yashinsky boy.

Advancing prices of horses and mules from the United States have led Guadeloupe to purchase many animals from South America. The South American mules are smaller.

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## CHANNEL WILL BE OPEN BY FEBRUARY 1

Series of Accidents and Obstacles Met and Finally Overcome—Hawaiian Dredging Company Announces It Will Have Completed Kihio Bay Contract by End of Coming Month.

(From Saturday Advertiser.)

After meeting and successfully overcoming a series of accidents and obstacles that have interfered with the completion of their Kihio Bay contract the officers of the Hawaiian Dredging Company yesterday made the announcement that the channel will be completed by February first, 1914. By that date Kihio harbor will have a straight channel from the open sea, leading direct to the government wharves.

The board of harbor commissioners and the Hilo mercantile organizations having recently taken cognizance of the delays that have attended the completion of its dredging contracts, the Hawaiian Dredging Company states its side of the case. This company is now working on contracts in Hilo, Kihio, Hilo and Kihio harbors.

Early last spring it was found that it would be necessary to make extensive repairs to the hull of the big suction dredge, B. F. Dillingham, a craft representing an investment of about \$125,000. Heavy timbers and other repair materials were ordered last April, but these only arrived in the islands in October.

Operated at Kihio. The Dillingham had been working on the Kihio contract, while the "Gaylord," a drag scoop dredge, was employed on the Hilo contract. When the Dillingham was withdrawn from Kihio the Gaylord was transferred there to take its place and the Hilo contract was left at a standstill. Work progressed favorably at Kihio during the summer, but when the winter storms commenced there was trouble. The sand and mud dredged from the Kihio harbor had been loaded on a scow, taken out to sea and emptied into deep water. About ten o'clock one night not long ago, the scow with a full load started out of the harbor with an inspector aboard and got into such rough water that the inspector became alarmed and signaled the captain of the tug that was towing the scow to take him off as he believed the scow was sinking. In maneuvering to rescue the inspector the tug got the tow rope around its propeller shaft and with its tow was driven towards the breakwater.

The tug anchored, but the scow was smashed against the rocks and finally broken clear over the breakwater by the tremendous rollers, and now lies bottom up on the beach.

Appeal to Harbor Commission. The Hilo mercantile organizations and the steamship lines centering at Hilo took up with the federal engineers the matter of the stoppage of the dredging operations in Hilo harbor. The United States engineers recognized the fortuitous circumstances which had interfered with the fulfillment of the contract by the Hawaiian Dredging Company within the time originally fixed, and declined to order the discontinuance of the Kihio work in favor of Hilo. The Hilo organizations then appealed to the harbor commissioners, as has been stated above.

Will Tow Gaylord to Hilo. The Hawaiian Dredging Company, now that materials are at hand, is rushing repair work on the Dillingham; also the wrecking of its Kihio scow leaves the Gaylord free. It has therefore contracted with the steamer Hilo to tow the Gaylord from Kihio to Hilo next Monday.

Not only will the drag scoop dredge (Gaylord) start immediately on the completion of the entrance to Kihio Bay, but the officers of the company state that they expect to have the repairs to the Dillingham completed so that this powerful suction dredge can again begin work on the Kihio Bay contract within two weeks. Unless there are further untoward happenings, Hilo Harbor will have a straight channel completed from the open sea by February 1, 1914, so that any one of the largest ocean steamers can tie up alongside the government wharves.

The Hawaiian Dredging Company cannot use the suction dredge in the Kihio open roadstead during the period of winter storms and is unwilling to risk the safety of its vessel there at this time of the year. It has agreed, however, with the federal engineers to transfer the Dillingham back to Kihio Harbor on the entrance to Kihio Bay, and when better weather conditions are expected to prevail.

There is therefore every prospect of the early completion of both contracts to the complete satisfaction of the shipping interests, the Maui and Hilo commercial organizations and the United States government.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, December 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—De metinis Tigrionis, a Greek dancer, long master, who has been here several months studying the turkey trot and tango, sailed for Persia today to teach the Hellenes the "tango" dances of the Maubut. He says, "Dancers believe that the tango is the dance of the future and that they will be too ultra for the classical art of Athens."

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